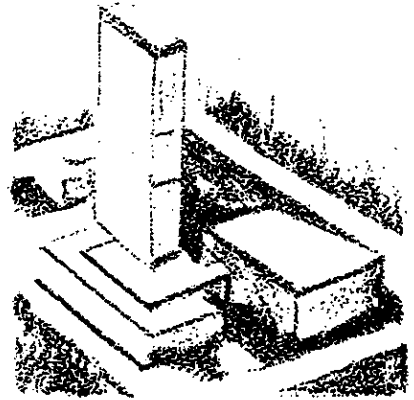


THE UNITED NATIONS

Game Rules

1. The class will be divided into groups of 3 or 4 students. Each group will try to unscramble the key words in the sentences below. Write the unscrambled words in the spaces provided. All group members must do this. Time limit: 30 minutes.
2. As soon as your team finishes, give one copy of your group's answer sheets to the teacher. At the end of the allotted time, teams that have not finished should also give one copy of their answers to the teacher. These answer sheets will then be exchanged among the groups, and the correct answers will be announced.
3. The team that has the most correct answers wins the game. If two or more teams are tied, then the team that submitted its answer sheets first is the winner. If none of the teams that were tied finished during the 30-minute time period, then the teams involved are each declared winners.



The Founding of the United Nations

Representatives of 50 countries attending the NAS CRFANISOC (1) _____ conference in 1945 signed the ACHTERR (2) _____ of the United Nations. This document set forth plans for an organization that would work for CEAEP (3) _____ and human dignity. World War II had just ended, and countries were anxious to prevent the occurrence of a HDTRI (4) _____ World War.

The United Nations at first met in Great Britain, but soon voted to move its headquarters to ENW RYOK TICY (5) _____. Part of the land on which the UN was built was donated by the city of New York, while the rest was purchased with a gift of \$8 1/2 million from John D. KRELOFCELRE (6) _____, Jr., son of the famous American oil tycoon. Today, more than ENO RDNUHED (7) _____ countries from all corners of the world belong to the United Nations.

The United Nations Charter

The Charter of the United Nations is the organization's constitution. It sets guidelines that SUCORINTE (8) _____ must follow. The Charter begins with a preamble which expresses the purposes and goals of the UN:

"to save succeeding generations from the scourge of AWR (9) _____, which twice in our lifetime has brought untold sorrow to mankind"

"to reaffirm faith in fundamental UHNAM RISTHG (10) _____, in the dignity and worth of the human person, in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small"

"to promote social progress and better standards of FLIE (11) _____"

The Organization of the United Nations

The United Nations has six major branches to carry out its goals. They are the General Assembly, Security Council, Secretariat, Economic and Social Council, International Court of Justice, and Trusteeship Council.

The REGENLA ABMSSELY (12) _____ is the only branch where LAL ONTUCRSEI (13) _____ are represented. It can discuss any matters of significance, and can recommend actions that should be taken to solve problems, including the use of MRAED SECROF (14) _____. The General Assembly, which holds one "regular session" each year for about three months, can be brought together in an "emergency special session" if peace is threatened. Decisions made by the General Assembly are only "recommendations." Members are not required to BOEY (15) _____ any votes except decisions regarding the UN budget.

The primary responsibility of the URITCESY OUCINCL (16) _____ is keeping the peace, and it has special powers to accomplish this purpose. The Security Council has 15 members, including 5 "permanent members" -- Great Britain, France, the Soviet Union, China, and the ETINUD SETATS (17) _____. The 10 nonpermanent members serve two-year terms. All UN member countries must accept decisions made by the Council. On many questions, 9 of the 15 members -- including all 5 permanent members -- must vote YSE (18) _____ before action can be taken.

The TSETARCREIA (19) _____ -- made up of the secretary-general (who oversees UN operations), administrators, clerks, and secretaries -- helps the other five branches carry out their TDUEIS (20) _____ as smoothly as possible.

The MEOCIONC DAN SOAICL CUOCNIL (21) _____ works in such areas as human rights and the raising of people's standards of ILIVGN (22) _____.

The TINERANITONAL CUOTR FO JUTISCE (23) _____ handles disputes involving international ALW (24) _____. Headquarters are at The Hague in The Netherlands. The Court has 15 DUJGSE (25) _____ who hear cases brought before them voluntarily by countries willing to abide by their decisions. The Court has been successful in settling disputes over fishing rights and BDAORYUN (26) _____ lines.

The TETEUSIPRSH LCOINUC (27) _____ was established to oversee territories that did not have self-government at the time the United Nations was organized. The territories were former colonies of Germany, Italy, and JPAAN (28) _____. The Council helped many "trust territories" become independent countries or parts of other UNCOTSEIR (29) _____.

UN Agencies

Special agencies have been created to assist the General Assembly, Security Council, and other branches of the United Nations:

The World Bank lends money to countries for such projects as dams, irrigation systems, power plants, and SROARLIAD (30) _____.

The World Health Organization deals with a wide range of LEHATH (31) _____ - related matters.

The Universal Postal Union works for international cooperation in the delivery of IAML
(32)_____.

The United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees gives food, shelter, and medical care to persons fleeing from one country to another because of AWR (33)_____, famine, or some other difficult situation.

UNICEF -- the United Nations Children's Fund -- provides aid for child development and care, job training, and AILYFM (34)_____ planning.

The Food and Agriculture Organization fights hunger by trying to improve the production and distribution of food and other agricultural products. It also provides emergency OFDO (35)_____ aid.

Keeping the Peace

There are several ways that the Security Council can try to settle a dispute between two countries:

The Security Council encourages the two sides to solve their problem by KLTAIGN (36)_____ it over with each other.

The Security Council studies the problem and recommends a LUSOONTI (37)_____.

The Council orders United Nations FROSCE (38)_____ to the trouble spot.

It can call on UN members to stop RTADING (39)_____ with a country threatening peace and security.

The UN in Action

The following actions taken by the United Nations are examples of how it can intervene when trouble breaks out around the world:

In 1950, the Security Council voted to involve UN troops in the RKONEA WRA (40)_____ to help preserve South Korea's independence.

In 1965, the secretary-general of the United Nations met with representatives of India and Pakistan to end their war over the disputed border territory of Kashmir. A cease-fire was arranged, and UN observers were sent to the area to enforce the CPEAE (41)_____.

ESCEA-RFIES (42)_____ were arranged four times between Israel and various Arab states of the Middle East.

Visiting UN Headquarters

If you visited the United Nations in New York City, you would see the AFLSG (43)_____ of all member nations flying in front of the headquarters buildings. You would also observe a statue showing a man using a hammer to shape his sword into a OPLW (44)_____. The statue expresses the philosophy of the United Nations -- "Let Us Beat Swords into Plowshares," that is, let us abandon war and work for the good of mankind. During a tour of the General Assembly Building, Secretariat Building, and Conference Building, you would see furnishings and works of art donated by various member INATSNO (45)_____.